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## **UEB Maths and Science Practice Exercises**

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# UEB Maths and Science Practice exercises

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## Exercise 1

(a)  $3.2 \times 0.4 = 1.28$

(b) There were 20 000 people in the football ground.

(c)  $18 + \square = 23$

(d)  $14 - \quad + 3 = 8$

(e)  $4 \div 7 = 0.571428$

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## Answers

$3.2 \times 0.4 = 1.28$

There were 20 000 people in the football ground.

$18 + \square = 23$

$14 - \quad + 3 = 8$

$4 \div 7 = 0.571428$

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### Exercise 3

a.  $\frac{x}{y}$

b.  $\frac{a+b}{p-q}$

c.  $\frac{5}{p} + \frac{3}{2p} = \frac{13}{2p}$

d.  $\frac{2}{x+1} - \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{2}$

e. Area =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$

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### Answers

$\frac{x}{y}$

$\frac{a+b}{p-q}$

$\frac{5}{p} + \frac{3}{2p} = \frac{13}{2p}$

$\frac{2}{x+1} - \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Area =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$

$\frac{x}{y}$

$\frac{a+b}{p-q}$

$\frac{5}{p} + \frac{3}{2p} = \frac{13}{2p}$

## Exercise 4

a.  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$

b. 36%

c.  $\sqrt{225} = 15$

d.  $\sqrt{9} = 3$

e.  $5^2 = 25$

f.  $12:36 = 1:3$

---

## Answers

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$

36%

$\sqrt{225} = 15$

$\sqrt{9} = 3$

$5^2 = 25$

$12:36 = 1:3$

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$

## Exercise 5

1.  $16^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2$

2.  $p^2q \neq p^{2q}$

3.  $h_1^2 = 9$

4.  $\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$

5.  $64^{\frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{64} = 2$

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## Answers

$16^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2$

$p^2q \neq p^{2q}$

$h_1^2 = 9$

$\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$

$64^{\frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{64} = 2$

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## Exercise 6

1.  $^{-}2 \times ^{-}4 = ^{+}8$

2.  $3^{-2} = \frac{1}{3^2}$

3.  $g \approx 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$

4.  $2.5 \text{ cm} \approx 1''$

5. Area of a circle =  $\pi r^2$

6.  $15^{\circ}\text{F} \approx -9^{\circ}\text{C}$

---

## Answers

1.  $^{-}2 \times ^{-}4 = ^{+}8$

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3.  $g \approx 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$

4.  $2.5 \text{ cm} \approx 1''$



## Exercise 7

1.  $\tan 40$

2.  $\sec x$

3.  $\cos Q$

4.  $2 \tan x$

5.  $2 \tan 50$

6.  $w \cos t$

7.  $\omega = \dot{\theta}$

8.  $\overline{LK} = \underline{t}$

9.  $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = \sum_{r=1}^4 r$

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## Answers

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## Exercise 9

a. If  $P = \{4, 8, 12\}$  and  $B = \{\text{even numbers}\}$  then  $A \subset B$

b. If  $D = \{\text{ford, saab, nissan, renault}\}$  then  $\text{ford} \in D$

c.  $P' \cup Q' = (P \cap Q)'$

d.  $S_{xy} = \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$

e.  $\sum_{i=1}^5 x_i$

f.  ${}^6C_2 = \binom{6}{2}$

## Answers

$$P \subset B$$

$$\text{ford} \in D$$

$$P' \cup Q' = (P \cap Q)'$$

$$S_{xy} = \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^5 x_i$$

$${}^6C_2 = \binom{6}{2}$$

$$P \subset B$$

$$\text{ford} \in D$$



## Exercise 10

1. uncertainty in  $P = \frac{P_{\text{maximum}} - P_{\text{minimum}}}{n}$

2.  $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{Nm}^2\text{kg}^{-2}$

3. Glucose has the molecular formula  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$



## Answers

$$\frac{P_{\text{maximum}} - P_{\text{minimum}}}{n}$$

$$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{Nm}^2\text{kg}^{-2}$$

Glucose has the molecular formula  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$



$$\frac{P_{\text{maximum}} - P_{\text{minimum}}}{n}$$

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Glucose has the molecular formula  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$



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## Exercise 11 (Extended practice)

(a)  $8.6 \div 0.2 = 43$

(b) The world's population on 30/01/2014 at 13 14 was  
7 209 860 703

(c)  $7 + \square + 3 = 15$

(d)  $4 \div 3 = 1.\dot{3}$

(e) Work out  $4\frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{5}$

(f) Write  $\frac{2x+4}{x-1} \times \frac{1}{x+2}$  as a single fraction in its simplest form.

(g) Simplify  $\frac{4y^5 + 2y^3}{y^2}$

(h) Change \$5.20 into pounds if £1 = \$1.62.

(i) Find  $4\frac{1}{2}\%$  of €450.50.

(j) Work out  $(3.5 \times 10^{-6}) \div (5 \times 10^4)$

(k) Is  $4 \times 5 > 10 \times 2$ ?

(l) Solve  $(x-2)(2x+5) = 4(x+3)$

(m) Solve  $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -37 \\ y+2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$

(n) Volume of a sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

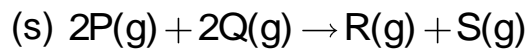
(o) Solve  $\sin\theta \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\theta \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 0.5$

(p)  $\sqrt[4]{16} = 2$

(q)  $27^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{27} = 3$

(r)  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$





(t)  $\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$

(u) Time for a drink!

Coffee  $C_8H_{10}N_4O_2$  and water  $H_2O$  plus milk.

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## Answers

2P(g) + 2Q(g) -> R(g) + S(g)

x-bar = 1/n \* sum from i=1 to n of x\_i

Time for a drink!

Coffee C8H10N4O2 and water H2O plus milk.

2P(g) + 2Q(g) -> R(g) + S(g)

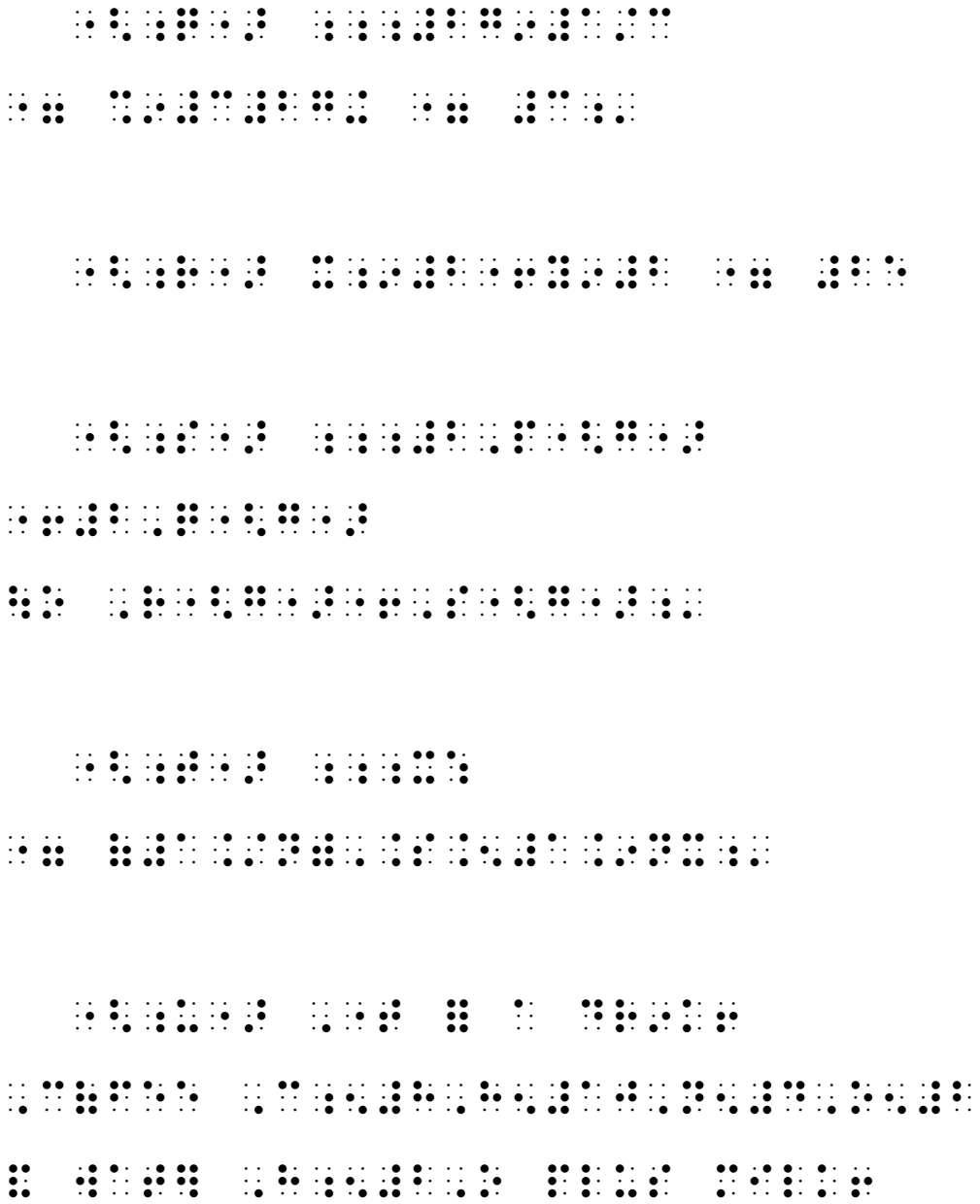
x-bar = 1/n \* sum from i=1 to n of x\_i

Time for a drink!

Coffee C8H10N4O2 and water H2O plus milk.







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